

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to provide the Horsham Rural City Council and individual Councillors with guidance as to what comprises good governance concerning:

- All interactions with media
- all interactions with social media

related to Council decisions and the exercise of all functions concerning their roles as Council and Councillors.

2. INTRODUCTION

This policy sets out guidelines to assist Councillors to exercise respectful behaviours in relation to Council decisions, the different views of other Councillors and the work of Council staff.

It is not the intent of this policy to curtail any individual human right to freedom of expression, but to acknowledge that all human rights come with responsibilities and must be exercised in a way that respects the human rights of others [Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006 (Charter) Preamble] and that Councillors must comply with legal obligations in the Local Government Act 2020 (LG Act) and the Councillor Code of Conduct.

Relevant human rights of others include the right to privacy and reputation as set out in the charter.

3. SCOPE

This policy applies to all Councillors of the Horsham Rural City Council, whether carrying out functions as spokesperson for or on behalf of Council, or when interacting with media or social media in their role as Councillor.

Interactions with media may include comments made at public meetings, including Council Meetings, where media representatives are present.

This policy also applies to Councillors in relation to interactions with the media and social media in their personal capacity where it might be reasonably assumed by a reader or listener that:

- Their opinions are related to their role as Councillors rather than being the expression of a personal view
- They are purporting to express views on behalf of Council or other Councillors
- The content or subject matter of the media or social media interaction relates to a matter currently before Council
- The content or subject matter of the media or social media interaction might reasonably be interpreted
 as causing a detriment by bringing Council, another Councillor, Federal or State Government or any other
 Local Government into disrepute in contravention of the LG Act and Councillor Code of Conduct.

The policy does not seek to curtail the ability of any Councillor to seek the views of the local community via communication channels such as social media.

This policy is in addition to the responsibilities of Councillors under the Councillor Code of Conduct.



4. PRINCIPLES

4.1 Legal obligations underpinning this policy

The principles of good governance require all Councillors to respect the decisions of Council, irrespective of whether they personally agree with those decisions.

This does not restrict Councillors from expressing their own views to media and on social media provided they do not seek to publicly undermine Council decisions or other Councillors.

The Good Governance Guide states:

"When a Council decision contradicts a promise made by a Councillor during an election, they need to be able to indicate to their constituents that they did not agree with the decision. If this needs to be done, it should be done in such a way that it doesn't undermine the Council decision."

4.2 Local Government Act 2020 obligations

Section 28 of the LG Act requires, among other tasks, that in performing their role, Councillors must:

- Consider the diversity of interests and needs of the municipal community
- Support the role of Council
- Acknowledge and support the role of Mayor
- · Act lawfully and in accordance with the oath or affirmation of office
- Act in accordance with the standards of conduct
- Comply with council procedures required for good governance.

The standards of conduct are established by the Councillor Code of Conduct – Section 139(30(a) of the LG Act.

4.3 Confidential information

Confidential information provided to Council and Councillors must never form the basis of any comment to the media or on social media.

Private and personal information relating to any Councillor or Council staff member must never form the basis of any comment to media or on social media.

4.4 Respecting Council decisions and roles

Council decisions and the systems and processes set out by the LG Act should not be undermined.

Any Councillor may make comments to media or on social media regarding their own view point concerning a Council decision but they must respect that decision. A Councillor's comments must not cause any detriment to Council or any other person or undermine public confidence in Council or the office of Councillor.



No Councillor is to make any comment to the media or on social media purporting to convey the views of any other Councillor or the views of Council (other than to state the content of a decision that has been made) unless they have been delegated the role of spokesperson by the Mayor.

If a decision is still under consideration, all requests for comment should be referred to Council's Community Relations and Advocacy Team.

4.5 Respecting other Councillors and Council staff

The health, safety, wellbeing, privacy and reputation of any other Councillor or Council staff member must not be compromised by any offensive, derogatory, humiliating, intimidating or undermining comment which identifies them by name or inference in any media or social media interaction.

Councillors should not infer the reasons for another Councillor's viewpoint in relation to their voting on decisions.

Councillors should not criticise other Councillors or the work done by other Councillors and Council staff as this may undermine public confidence in the role of Councillor.

Councillors must not seek to improperly influence decisions of a member of Council staff through any media or social media interaction or campaign.

4.6 No surprises

It is respectful to other Councillors and Council staff (via the CEO) that if Councillors become aware of any critical or potentially critical or misleading comment that might be made in media or social media concerning that Councillor or Council staff member in relation to any comment, post or response by a Councillor or journalist or member of the public, then, as soon as possible after becoming aware of that material the Councillor:

- Advise all other Councillors and the CEO by email or text of that comment, post or article so that no person is taken by surprise by the media or social media material
- · Advise Council's Community Relations and Advocacy Team of the material.

4.7 Leadership and integrity

In all interactions with media and social media, Councillors are to demonstrate leadership and integrity and to ensure that all statements made by them are honest and are not likely to mislead or deceive another person.

No Councillor should take personal credit for any Council decision as this is disrespectful of the contributions of other Councillors.

No media or social media interaction should undermine the peace, order and good government of Council or denigrate any Local, State or Federal Government.



4.8 Effective communication between community and Council

Councillors are encouraged to use the broad reach of media and social media to engage constructively and effectively with the local community including encouraging public engagement and discussion and active participation in civic life.

In using media and social media to engage with the community, Councillors should consider:

- · Not all community members access or express views by the use of media or social media
- Some community members or groups may have a disproportionately strong vocal reach in media and social media and do not necessarily reflect majority opinions
- There are well recognised deficits in social media engagement resulting from the ability of people to post abusive and offensive posts anonymously and by reason of the lack of any accountability for false, defamatory and offensive material being posted.

4.9 Matters particular to social media

Councillors are encouraged to take into account the following issues that frequently arise in relation to the use of social media in the community and which can cause offense and distress to others:

- Be careful in relation to the use of capitals, bold and italicised or other written devices to emphasise
 comments in a post as these may be interpreted by others as offensive or intimidating by being seen as
 shouting or aggressive or angry.
- Be wary of using any language in a sarcastic or flippant manner, or by the use of humorous comments about matters that may be serious or sad to others (or humour at another person's expense) or by using language in a way that might be interpreted as a "back handed slap".
- Care should be taken in "liking" or otherwise responding to posts and in sharing posts, as these responses
 can be interpreted by others in ways that may not be intended.
- Where inappropriate, abusive or offensive posts are made to any social media site moderated, managed
 or operated by a Councillor, that Councillor should moderate that site and remove, block or otherwise
 make it clear that such posts are not to be made. Council's Community Relations and Advocacy Team can
 assist any Councillor with appropriate responses to social media trolling and other offensive posts.
- Councillors should ensure that they have appropriate privacy settings on all social media sites moderated, managed or operated by them, bearing in mind that all social media posts are public to some degree.
- Councillors should at all times model respectful behaviours, be careful not to act to the detriment of Council and not express any views or opinions which would negatively impact on their ability to carry out their role as Councillor with impartiality and integrity.
- In responding on social media sites to requests for information, Councillors should endeavour to use neutral questions and statements and to refer local community members to the appropriate Council service.
- In posting photographs, Councillors should ensure they have the permission of any other person in the
 photograph to post that photograph, not to act disrespectfully of others by posting obviously unflattering
 photographs of others, and not unreasonably cropping or otherwise amending photographs.

4.10 Matters particular to media

 Councillors might consider taking time to respond to media requests for comment or declining to comment, to ensure they have considered all implications of their response before it is published or broadcast.



- Councillors might also wish to request journalists to confirm with them first what they are going to publish
 to allow Councillors to correct any errors or misstatements before they are published.
- Letters written to any other party by any Councillor on Council letterhead should be approved by the Mayor before being sent, as such material may reasonably be assumed by any recipient to be official correspondence from Council.
- If asked to comment on any operational matter, Councillors should refer the journalist to Council's Community Relations and Advocacy Team.

4.11 Consequences of breach of principles

By adopting this policy, Councillors agree to follow these principles.

Councillors are reminded that the obligations governing Councillor conduct are set out in the *Local Government Act 2020*.

Any action by a Councillor in relation to their interaction with the media and social media which breaches obligations under the LG Act or Councillor Code of Conduct, may result in further action taken pursuant to the Act, Section 123 Misuse of position, and Section 147 Sanctions that may be imposed by an arbiter on finding of misconduct.

5. COMMUNICATION

This policy will be communicated to all Councillors. It will be available on the Councillor portal, staff intranet and Horsham Rural City Council website and will form part of the Councillor induction manual.

6. RESPONSIBILITY

Policy Owner: Manager Governance and Information



7. DEFINITIONS AND EXCERPTS

Term Meaning				
Media The means of mass communication, typically involving broadcasting	and/or publishing that reach or			
influence people widely.	and/or publishing that reach of			
Media includes Local, State, National and International radio, television	n, newspapers, magazines and the			
internet.				
Interactions with media include being interviewed by a journalist, being	Interactions with media include being interviewed by a journalist, being aware that journalists are present			
in any public meeting or in the Council Chamber, approaching media	in any public meeting or in the Council Chamber, approaching media journalists to make a comment or			
	writing opinion pieces or letters to the editor, sending personal views or letters of support on Council			
letterhead or any other published material.				
Social media Computer-mediated technologies that facilitate the creation and share	ring of information, ideas, career			
interests and other forms of expression via virtual communities and net	=			
where people are talking, participating, sharing, networking, and bookn				
Social media includes:	Social media includes:			
Sites where comments and photos are posted such as Facebook, To	Sites where comments and photos are posted such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram etc			
 Media sites hosting articles with comments 				
Blogging sites				
Forums and discussion groups				
• Wikis				
Business networking sites such as LinkedIn etc				
Instant messaging sites such as Snapchat, MSN Messenger etc				
• Email				
	Podcasting sites			
	Online gaming platforms			
	Online dating sites			
	Interactions with social media include any posts to any social media site, engaging with any other person's			
	or organisation's social media site, "liking" or otherwise responding or sharing any other post on a social			
	media site, publishing material to any other person or group of persons via email including forwarding			
	material and replying or replying all to any email or group email.			
	The reactions which may be a social media site feature allowing users to acknowledge comments, pictures, wall posts, statuses or fan pages. A like or other reaction can help determine how interested you are in a topic, and which content should appear towards the top of your news feed on a site.			
Posting Creating your own or sharing images, videos, text etc. to your followers of	Creating your own or sharing images, videos, text etc. to your followers or members of online communities.			
Sharing Posting content that is not your own with your own followers in order	for a wider audience to view that			
content.				
Charter of Human Rights Section 13 Privacy and reputation	Section 13 Privacy and reputation			
and Responsibilities Act A person has the right—	A person has the right—			
2006 (a) Not to have his or her privacy, family, home or correspond	ondence unlawfully or arbitrarily			
interfered with; and				
(b) not to have his or her privacy, family, home or correspond	ondence unlawfully or arbitrarily			
interfered with; and				
(c) not to have his or her reputation unlawfully attacked				
Charter of Human Rights Section 15 Freedom of expression				
15 thirt 4 (4) Francisco beath at both to both an existence of the attraction				
and Responsibilities Act (1) Every person has the right to hold an opinion without interfer	h includes the freedom to seek			
2006 (2) Every person has the right to freedom of expression which				
2006 (2) Every person has the right to freedom of expression which receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, whether—				
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2006 (2) Every person has the right to freedom of expression which receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, wheth whether— (a) orally; or (b) in writing; or				
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2006 (2) Every person has the right to freedom of expression which receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, wheth whether— (a) orally; or (b) in writing; or (c) in print; or (d) by way of art; or	ner within or outside Victoria and			
2006 (2) Every person has the right to freedom of expression which receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, wheth whether— (a) orally; or (b) in writing; or (c) in print; or (d) by way of art; or (e) in another medium chosen by him or her. (3) Special duties and responsibilities are attached to the right or right may be subject to lawful restrictions reasonably necessary.	ner within or outside Victoria and of freedom of expression and the			
2006 (2) Every person has the right to freedom of expression which receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, wheth whether— (a) orally; or (b) in writing; or (c) in print; or (d) by way of art; or (e) in another medium chosen by him or her. (3) Special duties and responsibilities are attached to the right of	of freedom of expression and the			



Term	Meaning		
Good Governance Guide	Talking publicly about Council decisions (page 52)		
	A unique feature of Local Government is that all decisions are taken in the name of the whole Council. Councillors are bound by the Council decision, regardless of whether they were in favour of it or not. This is how Councillors' accountability to the Council works.		
	The Councillors' role means that they are also accountable to their constituents who may have voted for them on the basis of a pledge to achieve a particular outcome. When a Council decision contradicts a promise made by a Councillor during an election, they need to be able to indicate to their constituents that they did not agree with the decision.		
	If this needs to be done, it should be done in such a way that it doesn't undermine the Council decision. The Councillor should focus on the content of the decision rather than resorting to inflammatory statements which can be both destructive and undermining. For example, stating that 'the Council has done X, even though I support Y' is preferable to saying 'the Council has done X because they don't care about the community'.		

8. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

Document	Location
Charter of Human Rights & Responsibilities Act 2006	Human Rights Commission website
Councillor Code of Conduct	HRCC Website
HRCC Communications Plan	Intranet
HRCC Communications Policy (Policy No C04/258)	HRCC Website
	Intranet
Surf Coast Shire Councillor Media Policy	
Victorian Local Government Act 2020	Internet
Victorian Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014	OVIC website
VLGA MAV LGV and LGPro Good Governance Guide	<u>VLGA website</u>

9. DOCUMENT CONTROL

Version Number	Approval Date	Approval By	Amendment	Review Date
1.0	22 February 2021	Council	New policy	22 February 2024
1.1	March 2023	n/a	New logo	22 February 2024